Peggy Hunt (Utah State Bar No. 6060) Chris Martinez (Utah State Bar No. 11152)

#### DORSEY & WHITNEY LLP

136 South Main Street, Suite 1000 Salt Lake City, UT 84101-1685

Telephone: (801) 933-7360 Facsimile: (801) 933-7373

Email: <u>hunt.peggy@dorsey.com</u> <u>martinez.chris@dorsey.com</u>

Attorneys for Court-Appointed Receiver R. Wayne Klein

# UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF UTAH CENTRAL DIVISION

R. WAYNE KLEIN, as Receiver of National Note of Utah, LC et al.,

Plaintiff,

v.

LARRY L. ADAMS, et al.,

Defendants.

MOTION FOR SUMMARY
JUDGMENT AND MEMORANDUM
IN SUPPORT

(LILA FRANDSEN)

Civil No. 2:14-cy-00614

The Honorable Bruce S. Jenkins

Pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 56, and DUCiv R 56-1, Plaintiff, R. Wayne Klein (the "Receiver"), the duly appointed Receiver in the case styled as Securities and Exchange Commission v. National Note of Utah, LC et al., Case No. 2:12-cv-00591 (D. Utah) (Jenkins, J.) (the "Civil Enforcement Action"), by and through his counsel of record, hereby files this Motion for Summary Judgment and Memorandum in Support (Lila Frandsen) (the "Motion") against Defendant Lila Frandsen (the "Defendant").

This Motion is supported by the *Declaration of Receiver R. Wayne Klein, Receiver* (the "Klein Declaration"), a true and correct copy of which is attached hereto as **Exhibit A**, as well as the Memorandum in Support set forth below. A proposed Order is attached hereto as **Exhibit B**.

## **MEMORANDUM OF LAW**

<u>I.</u>

## **INTRODUCTION**

National Note of Utah, L.C. ("National Note") solicited millions of dollars from investors through the issuance of promissory notes. Some investors were provided with an "Assignment of Beneficial Interest in Trust Deed" or "ABI" which purportedly afforded these select investors with security for amounts allegedly owed to them under their notes. Defendant Lila Frandsen is one of these select investors. Yet, all of the ABIs, including Defendant's ABIs, were a sham—they have no legal effect and are invalid as a matter of law. In recognition of the invalidity of the ABIs, more than 290 ABIs have been voluntarily released by ABI holders. Defendant has not released her ABIs, and thus she has been included as a defendant in the above-captioned proceeding, seeking a declaratory judgment that her ABIs (along with others) are invalid and void as a matter of law. The Receiver thus requests that the Court enter judgment on his First Claim for Relief, declaring that the Defendant's ABIs are invalid and void as a matter of law.

#### II.

### PROCEDURAL HISTORY

1. On June 25, 2012, the Securities & Exchange Commission commenced the Civil Enforcement Case in this Court by filing a *Complaint* against National Note, alleging that Wayne

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Klein Declaration  $\P$  4. At this time, at least 25 default judgments also have been entered against defendants in the above-captioned proceeding who have not answered the Complaint filed and served on them. *Id.* 

LaMar Palmer operated National Note and its many affiliated entities as a Ponzi scheme and asserting causes of action for securities fraud.<sup>2</sup>

- 2. On June 25, 2012, the Court entered an *Order Appointing Receiver and Staying Litigation* (the "Receivership Order") in the Civil Enforcement Case, appointing the Receiver and creating the Receivership Estate, which includes National Note and its subsidiaries and affiliates.<sup>3</sup>
- 3. On September 12, 2013, the Receiver filed his *Complaint* against the Defendant and others, seeking a judgment declaring the Defendant's ABIs to be invalid and void (First Claim for Relief).<sup>4</sup>
  - 4. The Defendant has been served and has filed an Answer.
- 5. This Motion asks the Court to enter a judgment declaring the Defendant's ABIs to be invalid and void.

#### III.

## STATEMENT OF ELEMENTS AND UNDISPUTED MATERIAL FACTS

#### A. Legal Elements and Authorities:

An assignment of a deed of trust without assignment of the underlying debt instrument is void as a matter of law.<sup>5</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Civil Enforcement Case, Docket No. 1.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Civil Enforcement Case, Docket No. 9 (Receivership Order), a copy of which is attached as Exhibit 1 to the Klein Declaration.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Complaint, Docket No. 2.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> See infra Part IV(B) (discussing Utah Code Ann. § 70A-9a-109, Official Comment 7; Bellistri v. Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC, 284 S.W.3d 619, 623 (Mo. Ct. App. 2009); Wolfe v. Leisure Time Sports, Inc. (In re Leisure Time Sports, Inc.), 194 B.R. 859, 861 (9th Cir. BAP 1996); Yorke v. Citibank, N.A. (In re BNT Terminals, Inc.), 125 B.R. 963, 970-71 (Bankr. N.D. Ill. 1991); Pierce v. Tavormina (In re Hurricane Resort Co.), 30 B.R. 258, 260-61 (S.D. Fla. 1983)).

## B. Material Facts Necessary to Meet the Elements:

Relevant Homeland Holding - National Note Transactions

- 1. Homeland Funding Corp. ("Homeland") is an affiliate of National Note and is one of the numerous entities subject to the Receivership Order.<sup>6</sup>
- 2. Pursuant to a *Multi Advance Trust Deed Note* dated November 17, 2006, National Note purported to lend funds to Homeland (the "<u>Homeland Holding Note</u>").<sup>7</sup>
- 3. Homeland executed a *Deed of Trust* dated November 17, 2006 in conjunction with the Homeland Holding Note (the "<u>Homeland Holding Deed of Trust</u>"), purporting to give National Note a secured interest in certain real property located in Eagle Mountain, Utah (the "<u>Autumn Ridge Property</u>").<sup>8</sup> The Homeland Holding Deed of Trust in favor of National Note was recorded in Utah County, Utah at Entry No. 157927:2006.<sup>9</sup>

## The Defendant's First ABI

- 4. National Note solicited investors by issuing promissory notes to them, promising to repay monies that had been "lent" to National Note plus interest. 10
- 5. Between June 4, 2004, and June 25, 2007, the Defendant transferred \$48,500 to National Note. National Note's records reflect that on June 25, 2007, the principal investment amount and accumulated interest owed to the Defendant totaled \$49,770, and a *Promissory Note* dated June 25, 2007, was issued (the "<u>First Frandsen Note</u>"). 11

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Klein Declaration ¶ 5 & Exhibit 1 (Receivership Order, at 1-3).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> *Id.* ¶ 6.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Id. ¶ 7 & Exh. 2 (Homeland Holding Deed of Trust).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> Id., Exhibit 2 (Homeland Holding Deed of Trust).

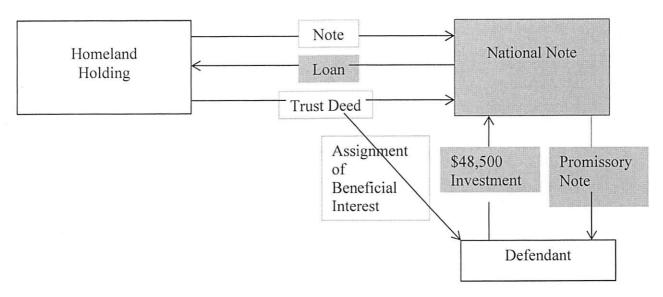
 $<sup>^{10}</sup>$  *Id*. ¶ 8.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> *Id.* at ¶ 9.

6. National Note executed an "Assignment of Beneficial Interest in Trust Deed for Security" dated July 17, 2007, in favor of the Defendant (the "First Frandsen ABI"), granting Defendant nothing more than an interest in National Note's interest in the Homeland Holding Deed of Trust, stating in part as follows:

For value received, and to secure the payment of [the First Frandsen Note], the undersigned Assignor, National Note of Utah, L.C., hereby assigns to the Assignee(s), Lila Frandsen, an undivided \$7,000.00 of Assignor's right, title and interest in and to the beneficial interest in that certain Trust Deed dated November 17, 2006, between Homeland Funding Corp., as Trustor(s), in favor of Mountain West Title Company, as Trustee, for the benefit of National Note of Utah, LC, as Beneficiary, recorded November 24, 2006, as Entry No. 157927:2006, in the official records of the Recorder of Utah County, State of Utah. . . . <sup>12</sup>

- 7. National Note did not execute any assignment of its interest in the Homeland Holding Note to the Defendant.<sup>13</sup>
  - 8. Homeland Holding is not a party to the First Frandsen ABI. 14
  - 9. The following graph illustrates the transaction:



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup> Klein Declaration ¶ 10 & Exhibit 3 (First Frandsen ABI).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>13</sup> *Id.* ¶11.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>14</sup> *Id.*, Exhibit 3 (First Frandsen ABI).

The First Frandsen ABI was filed in Utah County, Utah at Entry No.
 103545:2007.<sup>15</sup>

#### Relevant Vision Land - National Note Transactions

- 11. Vision Land, LLC ("<u>Vison Land</u>") is one of the numerous National Note affiliates subject to the Receivership Order. <sup>16</sup>
- 12. Pursuant to a *Note* dated January 27, 2006, National Note purported to lend funds to Vision Land (the "Vision Land Note"). 17
- 13. Homeland executed a Deed of Trust dated January 27, 2006, in conjunction with the Vision Land Note (the "Vision Land Deed of Trust"), purporting to give National Note a secured interest in certain real property located in Salt Lake County, Utah (the "Salt Lake County Property"). The Vision Land Deed of Trust in favor of National Note was recorded in Salt Lake County, Utah at Entry No. 9626476, in Book No. 9250, Page Nos. 7258-7264. 19

## The Defendant's Second ABI

- 14. On October 13, 2009, the Defendant transferred an additional \$48,000 to National Note. National Note's records show that with this additional principal investment amount, the value of Defendant's investment account, including accrued interest was \$109,229.22, and a *Promissory Note* dated October 13, 2009 was issued (the "Second Frandsen Note").<sup>20</sup>
  - 15. National Note executed an "Assignment of Beneficial Interest in Trust Deed for

<sup>15</sup> Id., Exhibit 3 (First Frandsen ABI).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>16</sup> Klein Declaration ¶ 5 & Exhibit 1 (Receivership Order, at 1-3).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>17</sup> *Id.* ¶ 12.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>18</sup> Id. ¶ 13 & Exhibit 4 (Vision Land Deed of Trust).

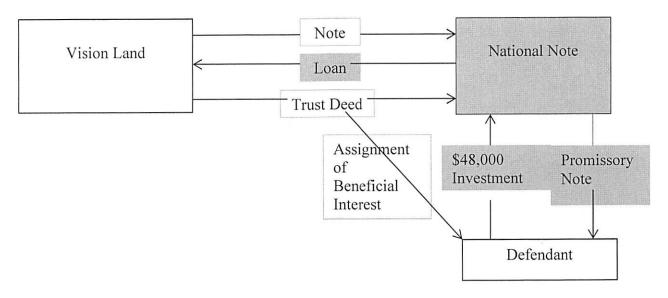
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>19</sup> Id., Exhibit 4 (Vision Land Deed of Trust).

 $<sup>^{20}</sup>$  *Id.* ¶ 14.

Security" dated October 13, 2009, in favor of the Defendant (the "Second Frandsen ABI"), granting Defendant nothing more than an interest in National Note's interest in the Vision Land Deed of Trust, stating in part as follows:

For value received, and to secure the payment of [the Second Frandsen Note], the undersigned Assignor, National Note of Utah, L.C., hereby assigns to the Assignee(s), Lila Frandsen, an undivided \$49,000.00 of Assignor's right, title and interest in and to the beneficial interest in that certain Trust Deed dated January 27, 2006, between Vision Land, LLC, a Utah Limited Liability Company, as Trustor(s), in favor of Cottonwood Title Insurance Company, as Trustee, for the benefit of National Note of Utah, LC, as Beneficiary . . . . <sup>21</sup>

- 16. National Note did not execute any assignment of its interest in the Vision Land Note to the Defendant.<sup>22</sup>
  - 17. Vision Land is not a party to the Second Frandsen ABI.<sup>23</sup>
  - 18. The following graph illustrates the transaction:



 $<sup>^{21}</sup>$  *Id.* ¶ 15 & Exhibit 5 (Second Frandsen ABI).

 $<sup>^{22}</sup>$  Id. ¶ 16.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>23</sup> Id., Exhibit 5 (Second Frandsen ABI).

19. The Second Frandsen ABI was filed in Salt Lake County, Utah at Entry No. 10816514, in Book No. 9770, at Page Nos. 6052-6055.<sup>24</sup>

#### IV.

## **ARGUMENT**

## A. Summary Judgment Standard

Pursuant to Rule 56 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, the Court "shall grant summary judgment if the movant shows there is no genuine dispute as to any material fact and the movant is entitled to judgment as a matter of law." In this matter, the material facts are undisputed or cannot be disputed, presenting pure issues of law for determination by the Court. Accordingly, for the reasons discussed below, the Court should grant summary judgment and declare that the First and Second Frandsen ABIs are invalid as a matter of law.

#### B. The Frandsen ABIs are Void as a Matter of Law

Courts uniformly hold that any attempt to transfer a security interest without transfer of the underlying debt is void. This rule is typically explained as follows: "A security interest cannot exist, much less be transferred, independent from the obligations which it secures. The security interest follows the debt. If the debt is not transferred, neither is the security interest." Thus, "[a]n assignment of the deed of trust separate from the note has no 'force'." — if the note is not also assigned, the assignment of the deed of trust is, for all practical purposes, ineffectual

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>24</sup> Id., Exhibit 5 (Second Frandsen ABI).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>25</sup> Wolfe, 194 B.R. at 861. Accord, e.g., Yorke, 125 B.R. at 970-71 (citation omitted) ("It is hornbook law that a mortgage follows the debt it secures. An assignment of a mortgage without the transfer of the underlying note is a nullity." & "It is axiomatic that any attempt to assign the mortgage without transfer of the debt will not pass the mortgagee's interest to the assignee.").

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>26</sup> Bellistri, 284 S.W.3d at 623.

because the note and deed of trust have become split.<sup>27</sup>

Utah law follows this rule. Utah Code Ann. § 70A-9a-109 discusses the scope of Utah's Uniform Commercial Code, particularly as it relates to the assignment of a mortgage or other security interest in real and personal property. Official Comment 7 to that section states: "An attempt to obtain or perfect a security interest in a secured obligation by complying with non-Article 9 law, as by an assignment of record of a real-property mortgage, would be ineffective." The comment further states that: "Finally . . . one cannot obtain a security interest in a lien, such as a mortgage on real property, that is not also coupled with an equally effective security interest in the secured obligation." 28

Here, it is undisputed and cannot be disputed that National Note has not assigned any interest that it has in the Homeland Holding Note or the Vision Land Note to the Defendant. Rather, by the express terms of the First and Second Frandsen ABIs, National Note only assigned to the Defendant its beneficial interest in the Homeland Holding Deed of Trust and the Vision Land Deed of Trust. Accordingly, under the law set forth above, the Frandsen ABIs "ha[ve] no force" as a matter of law<sup>29</sup> and the Receiver is entitled to summary judgment on his First Cause of Action declaring the Frandsen ABIs to be invalid.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>27</sup> *Id.* at 624.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>28</sup> Utah Code Ann. § 70A-9a-109, Official Comment 7.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>29</sup> Bellistri, 284 S.W.3d at 623.

# <u>V.</u>

## **CONCLUSION**

For all of the reasons set forth above, the Frandsen ABIs are void as a matter of law.

Accordingly, the Receiver respectfully requests that this Court grant the Receiver's Motion and enter summary judgment against Defendant on his First Cause of Action.

DATED this 1<sup>st</sup> day of May, 2015.

**DORSEY & WHITNEY LLP** 

/s/ Peggy Hunt \_\_\_\_

Peggy Hunt Chris Martinez Attorneys for Receiver

# **CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE**

I hereby certify that on May 1, 2015, a true and correct copy of the foregoing **MOTION FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENT AND MEMORANDUM IN SUPPORT** was served via the Court's ECF system on all parties who have requested notice in this case.

/s/ Candy Long